

The Bismarck Tribune.

Historical Society

VOL. X.

BISMARCK, D. T., FRIDAY, JANUARY 26, 1883.

NO. 34.

NEWS COMMENTS.

NORTH PACIFIC STOCK: 41; preferred 84 1/2. St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba 143.

WALSH: of Grand Forks, is willing to concede everything but the capital. He wants that at Grand Forks.

There is much indignation expressed by Washington's friends at his attempts to abolish the pre-emption act.

FERRY: of Michigan, stands in about the same position as Winchell, of Minnesota. They each lack a few votes.

The latest string being in out of the cold the Philadelphia Times thinks Dakota had better quit knocking for a while.

ALTAIR: Major Reno has again been told that he cannot re-enter the army, he will probably continue to hunt the capital.

The Globe, published at Dawson, Kidder county, is the latest newspaper venture, and from its appearance it can hardly be called a venture.

The Stillwater (Minn.) Sun remarks as Dakota cannot be admitted to the Union, it is a pity that the United States is not in May.

MINNEAPOLIS is becoming a fast town. It is stated that over \$25,000 has been spent for fast frogers by Minneapolitans during the past few days.

It is now stated that after all Odessa will not be the great town of the Devil's Lake region, but that honor is now conferred on the prosperous town of Bartlett.

RED CLOUD: who was taken to the Washington jail Friday to witness the execution of Shaw, the murderer, is said to have been pleased with the performance.

SEVATOR HARRIS: from the committee on territories, favorably reported the Yankton bond bill on Friday, and asked the senate to consider the bill at an early day.

The clerk of the Newhall house testified that he considered it more important to save the office papers than rescue human life. Not far from an idiot, that fellow.

ALTAIR: the last was one of the most severe as well as universal storm ever known, not a case of freezing to death has been reported from any part of the United States.

It is said a scheme is on foot in Washington to make the Indians support themselves by raising stock. It may work, but raising h— is a business they take to better than any other.

EVEN: in New York, the thermometers went down to zero, and at other points along the coast, several degrees below. At Chicago, Tuesday morning, thermometers registered 20° below.

Now that the various state legislatures throughout the United States are agitating the question of hotel fire escapes, would it not be a good scheme to also legislate on the hotel beast?

What is the world coming to? In Arkansas a female child has been born with three tongues. If this child should grow to be a woman and that woman should marry—but it is too terrible to think about.

Some editors even are lucky. The president has appointed Mr. G. D. Perkins, editor of the Sioux City Journal, as United States marshal, and Mr. M. D. O'Connell as United States attorney for the northern Iowa judicial district.

KINDRED: the late defeated candidate in the Fifth (Minnesota) district, recently said that he would ask the legislature to change his name to "Kindredson," so that the next time he runs for office, he can affiliate with the Scandinavians.

CONSIDERABLE discussion is rife as to who is the biggest ass, Freddie Gehhardt of the St. Louis reporter of the Globe-Democrat. That they are both asses will be conceded by all, but to discuss the matter further is simply to throw away time and space.

The Capital tells of a Janesville lady who mistook moonshine for sunshine, got up and prepared breakfast and then called her spouse to his regular morning feast. The moonshine worked with the woman, put the husband and wife to bed again.

A prospect of one of the proposed hotels in the Yellowstone park is now on exhibition in the office of the assistant secretary of the interior at Washington. The building will be three stories high and contain 200 rooms. The company expect to have the building ready for guests June 1st.

The Mutual Press association and the American News Exchange of Cincinnati, have been placed on the postoffice fraud list. Money orders and registered letters will not be delivered to them. Several parties in Bismarck received letters and circulars from a fraudulent institution.

Is the last nine months there have been 150 postoffices established in Dakota. In all the other territories combined there were 342. This fact will show more plainly perhaps than anything else the marvelous rapidity in which settlements have advanced across the Dakota prairies during the year just closed.

As claimed by the Terrans for years, the climate of the Missouri slope is about the same as Michigan and Northern Ohio. During last week's cold snap, the thermometers at Bismarck at one time reached 37° below zero. At Cleveland it went down to 30° below, which in that latitude would seem more severe than even 60 would in Dakota.

SOME newspapers consider it enterprise to manufacture their telegrams. The Tribune never supposed that the Evening Journal, of Minneapolis, would resort to this practice. The dispatch about the weather at Bismarck, published in Monday's issue, was false, never was sent from this office, and therefore must have been manufactured by the overzealous telegraph company who edit the telegraph columns of that paper.

In pursuance of the recommendation of Gen. Baker, railroad commissioner, Senator C. D. Gilman of Minnesota, introduced a bill to punish willful violation of rule and gross neglect of duty on the part of railway employees. The penalty for loss of life by such neglect is fixed at manslaughter in the third degree. The bill is a good one. Any

legislation which serves to fix the responsibility of railroad and their help, will add to the security of life and limb. One of the present difficulties is that responsibility can be located nowhere without long and tedious processes of law.

In Missoula the other day, a Chinaman died and was buried by his countrymen in their usual style. A small bunch, consisting of roast chicken, pork, and three or four apples, together with a bowl of rice and a pair of chop sticks, were placed at the head of the grave. There are various opinions as to whom this repast is for. One is that when the devil comes for this poor Chinaman he will find it easy to go away happy. After burning some incense, they rolled like candles, and rubbed some of the grease on the face and the shoulders of the dead man, and the funeral was over.

GEN. BUTLER: has at least put the legislators of Massachusetts on its good behavior. A dispatch from Boston says: "The first indication of a conflict between Gov. Butler and the legislature appeared in the house this afternoon upon the question of printing 10,000 extra copies of Butler's inaugural address. A republican said if the resolution was passed the governor would veto it in the interest of economy and get credit therefor. On the question of making the number 10,000, there were 37 yeas and 80 nays; voting in the affirmative, 39 democrats, 24 republicans, 3 independents and 1 greenbacker; in the negative, 79 republicans and 1 democrat. The resolution was ordered to a third reading."

The new paper to be started at Steele soon will be called the Steele Rocket. The Argus says of the proprietor: "The metropolis has been favored with the presence of S. O. Copp, from E. Mass., New York. The gentleman intends bringing out a colony of some two hundred people from the empire state about April 1st, locating them in Barnes and Burleigh counties. This gigantic enterprise will be carried out with great success, as Mr. Copp is a great promoter, and in fact has all the qualities of a genuine Dakota booster." He will also edit the Steele, Dakota Rocket, a paper that will make its first appearance in about one month. His Fargo friends earnestly wish him success in this new undertaking.

Advantages of Mixed Farming.

The Janesville Capital recites the advantages of mixed farming, as follows: "North Dakota is pre-eminently a land of the best grain, a land where No. 1 hard, the best wheat on earth, can be grown with certainty and profit, and converted into cash at any time. The wheat comes from the threshing machine. Oats and barley are also grown at great profit in this part of the territory, a great crop being as certain as anywhere. Grain growing will therefore be the chief industry among the farmers of this country. But there is no doubt that the system of mixed farming can be adopted to advantage here as well as elsewhere. Stock raising can be made to fit in with the work of grain culture in such a way that the one will scarcely interfere with the other in the least. During the summer, when work is pressing in the harvest field, the stock are being fed on the stubble, and the grain is being threshed, and the farmer can cover the wild prairie so lavishly, only requiring the attention of a next day to keep them from the growing grain. Stock thrives greatly on the native grasses, either in the green state or after they are cut and cured. The hay-making season, when the winter supply is to be put up, this nicely into the interval between seeding and harvesting, so that the farmer can occupy his men and teams to good profit. The cost of cutting and stacking a supply of hay for winter use is thus reduced merely nominal. Dakota cattle are said to grow larger and bring better prices than those fed on the celebrated ranges of Texas and Colorado. Horses are said here to be hardy and capable of great endurance. Sheep raising is a very successful one here, raising a prairie, which is well adapted to this branch of industry. A quantity of stock on the farm affords profitable employment to the farmer in his wintering, when his own work is at a complete standstill. Grain farming requires something else to go with it, the intervals between one season and another may be made serviceable and the care of horses, cattle and sheep meet the want. There are no root crops to be raised, for which the soil and climate of Northern Dakota are peculiarly favorable. Potatoes, turnips, mangolds and almost all kinds of roots and vegetables do better here than in the eastern states. Large quantities of fruit will of course be raised, sufficient to meet all demands. Mixed farming will no doubt therefore flourish in this country, now, notwithstanding that wheat culture offers the greatest attractions. The advantages of out-and-out farming we have named here, and it is hardly correct to say that any one is to be preferred to the others."

The Fargo Post Asks Why? Why has Fargo remained essentially dormant this winter—no gatherings, not even one, to look after local interests—no meeting to express its views on the vital question of division, pending in congress—no concerted action looking to needed changes in the city charter? Geo. D. Parks has a chamber of commerce, which has just listened to an elaborate annual report concerning the growth of the city, the increase of property valuation in city and county, and other matters calculated to fortify effort and encourage her people. Bismarck has also a chamber of commerce that is doing good work, and preparing the way for spring activities. Jamestown is equally busy, while Tower City raises a shout for division that has been heard all the way to Washington. Again we ask, what has kept Fargo quiet, while other Dakota towns have been moving?

Messrs. Carnahan and Brown have sold twenty acres more of their homestead north-west of town to a man named Thomas Rupert, of Vermont, a friend of Mr. Guild. The consideration was \$100 an acre, cash. It will be remembered that ten acres of this property was sold about two months ago at the same figure. It is understood that this, as well as the balance of the quarter section, will be platted in the spring.

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A SENSATION.

ANOTHER SCHEME TO REMOVE THE TERRITORIAL CAPITAL.

The Location of the Future City to be Near Fort Yates, 45 Miles from Bismarck—Legislative Business.

The Biggest Bombshell Yet.

YANKTON, D. T., Jan. 25.—[Special].—There is much talk about Walsh's bill to remove the territorial capital from Yankton. The bill provides for its location on the prairie away from any town, but on some railroad, near the center of South Dakota. Provision will be made for a big land grant, and a town will be laid out and platted, the money realized from the sale of lots to go toward the erection of capital buildings. It is thought by some that the bill may pass, but a scheme has been concocted to-night which may head off the Walsh scheme and place the capital in the vicinity of Bismarck, North Dakota.

THE SCHEME.

It is to introduce a bill removing the capital to a point as near the geographical center of the present territory as possible, which would be a few miles south of Fort Yates, on the east side of the Missouri river, and about forty-five miles south of Bismarck. It is believed that such a bill will go through in preference to the one introduced by Mr. Walsh. The latter gentleman seems disposed to adopt the policy of anything to beat Yankton, and other points in the extreme southern portion of the territory, and representatives from those sections, together with many from the central and northern localities, will combine against him, and locate the capital as above stated, in Emmets county. It is believed that enough could be realized out of the sale of lots to pay for the erection of extensive capital buildings, and that a city of importance will grow up at that point in a very short time. It is argued that the southwestern branch of the North Pacific will build a line to that point, together with a branch from Bismarck, and that J. M. Hill will also send a branch from the Devils Lake region, down to Bismarck, and thence to

THE FUTURE CAPITAL.

It is also argued that both the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, and the Northwestern, contemplate building to Bismarck during the coming season, and that the capital scheme as proposed will suit them exactly. The division and admission bill now before congress, is regarded as practically killed, and the attention of the territorial legislature will now be turned to the locating of the capital at a point where it can be made accessible from all portions of the territory. It is thought that by next August the railroads in question will have completed their lines to the proposed site, provided it is determined upon as now talked. It is rumored here tonight that the railroad companies have been asked what they will do for the scheme, should it be made to win.

The Territorial Legislature.

YANKTON, Jan. 25.—The council today introduced a bill providing that in case a husband or wife shall be guilty of desertion or sentenced to one year in any penitentiary, the other party shall have the property left; also a bill to locate a man as persons to have no exemptions there having obtained credit under false pretenses, those who conceal themselves or attempt to remove from the territory or assign it to others.

In the house Patt introduced a bill to attach a portion of the Sisseton agency to Richland county.

Dyschen a bill to require ministers to file their credentials with the register of deeds before they can perform marriage ceremonies and examine at least one of the candidates for marriage under oath regarding the legal qualifications of both candidates.

By Harvey a bill for the creation of a court house and jail in Washburn county. By Reinhardt a bill for the protection of domestic animals against vicious dogs. Washington introduced a joint resolution asking that a commission of three from the council and five from the house be appointed to draft a bill for a constitutional convention for that section of Dakota south of the 46th parallel and under a suspension of the rules the resolution passed the council.

The bill to incorporate Ellendale, Dickey county, was lost in the house. The following house bills passed the house: For the protection of quail for five years; a bill providing that persons who have resided in Dakota ninety days may become notaries public and regulate the exhibition of the public lands; a bill exempting from taxation for ten years forty acres of land containing five acres of growing timber.

The bill increasing the liquor license to \$1,000 maximum, was made the special order for February 2d. In the house Reinhardt gave notice of a bill to repeal chapter eighty-five of the laws of 1881. This is a chapter granting extra compensation to Judge Moody, of the First district. The bill has been drawn taking from the governor the power to organize counties. It will provide that the organization of an unorganized county shall be the act of the court of the district in which the county is located, and that the county shall be located at the same election. The officers of the county in which the court is

held for the subdivision will canvass the vote and the clerk of the court will issue the certificate of election.

Another Opera House Fire.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 25.—The opera house, DeLancey, was destroyed on fire at 9 o'clock to-night. The fire department responded promptly, but the fire was on the stage among inflammable material, and they could not check the flames. They then turned their attention toward saving the adjoining building, the lower floor of the opera house, saved their goods and a portion of their property. The opera house was completely gutted. The loss is estimated at \$45,000; insured for about \$20,000.

Grand Jury in Favor of Wine.

St. Louis, Jan. 25.—The grand jury in the criminal court made a special report to Judge Van Wagner this afternoon, on the subject of the city dram shop, which they were particularly charged to examine. They say they have investigated the matter thoroughly, and delivered a most convincing proof that at least eighty per cent of the crime and pauperism of the city comes directly from the saloons, and recommends that the minimum license for liquor saloons be fixed at \$1,000, and those who sell only wine and beer at \$500.

New Orleans to the Pacific.

TUCSON, Arizona, Jan. 25.—A. N. Towne, general manager of the C. P. & S. P. railroad company, says a through train to New Orleans from San Francisco will leave on the 25th, and the first train from New Orleans to San Francisco on the 30th, after which time regular trains will be run.

Red Cloud's Claims.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The claim of Red Cloud presented at the Indian bureau, for money raised from Indians, and paid by Gen. Crook, in 76, amounting to \$6,000, was to have been applied in the purchase of cows for the benefit of the Indians, but Red Cloud asserts this was not done.

Arrested for Embezzlement.

MONTREAL, Jan. 25.—Eneas McMASTER, late manager of the Glasgow Canadian land and trust company, at St. Louis, about to start for Australia, has been arrested on the charge of the embezzlement of \$15,000. He was lately a candidate for parliament.

Booth Popular with the King.

BERLIN, Jan. 25.—Edwin Booth's second performance of "King Lear," was again rapturously applauded by King William.

Gone to Rest.

WISCONSIN, Jan. 25.—Fotow, the composer is dead.

Telegraphic Ticks.

The thermometer at Duluth, Wednesday, 31° below.

The record storm was the coldest known for years in the east.

The Merchants hotel is the popular resort of traveling men as well as local boomers.

At Ingleside, D. T., yesterday J. W. Board was murdered in his residence. Several arrests were made.

Henry Fable, for some time past clerk for Pease, O., Veeber & Co., leaves for St. Louis in a few days to reside and grow up with the country.

Rev. George L. Lytle, synodical minister at the Presbyterian church in Nebraska, died suddenly at Omaha yesterday morning, aged 60 years.

A very sick H. Brown received between \$400 and \$500 contributions for the Newhall sufferers from generous Minnaskans, and was snatched.

Last evening's train was delayed four hours. Among the passengers were F. W. Smith, Chicago; Charles B. Clark, St. Paul, and J. M. Hill, Washburn.

At St. Thomas, Ont., the express on the Grand Trunk was delayed the week Wednesday, Wm. Lee, of Albany, N. Y., and Mrs. Howell, of Lansing, Mich., being injured.

The Massachusetts legislative committee on woman's suffrage, after a long and arduous report against making election day a legal holiday.

Lawyer Thos. Maher, Jr., Isaac L. Street and Jos. Mayo, the first named a democrat, and the other two republicans, and all election officers have been convicted of making false returns.

Some of the St. Petersburg newspapers state that bodies of two of the last officers of Lieut. Chapp's party have been found at Cannon Bay, and will pass through St. Petersburg on the way to New York. Probably the reports have the same origin as the statement of the finding of two copies of the members of the same party, which were published in New York on the 7th inst., and discarded.

A Greeting From R. V. Thompson.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 19.—EDITORS TRIBUNE: The monumental city of the southeast sends greeting to the banner city of the northwest. Though 2,200 miles apart, and differing 40,000 in population, the interest awakened in this great city toward our young, ambitious metropolis of the Missouri slope, is very great indeed, and should be understood by all of you for our encouragement and help. And not alone here but all along my route I found the people anxious for reliable information regarding the Goshen fields of Burleigh county, which the Minnesota prize banner has now made famous by mark of harvest and the agricultural corn. Last year's harvest and the agricultural corn, as a few declared they would go and see it they did not see it before. I preached last Sabbath in the Second Presbyterian church, Allegheny City, Pa., on the Missouri slope, from a railroad standpoint, and had a deeply interested audience. Next morning I was visited by anxious inquirers, among whom was Mr. E. E. Swain, one of the leading ministers of the city, who was very kind to give me when I returned, and his family out afterwards. He will be quite an acquisition to the building interests of the city, and with his elevators and machinery will introduce a new feature in disk building. I have to-day written nearly a dozen letters in answer to inquiries from all over the country. Some want me to visit them, others to help in the formation of colonies, and all to know more of the Missouri slope. I am at present, however, leaving the slack of my very sore shoulder, and must confine my efforts to writing. My movements for weeks to come will depend very much upon the condition of an invalid daughter for whom we are both anxious and apprehensive. Warmest regards to all friends.

R. V. Thompson.

THE LAST SAD RITES

OVER THE REMAINS OF THE NEWHALL VICTIMS.

A Terrible Panic Occurs During the Exercises—Washington Doings, and Other Important Telegrams.

Panic at a Funeral.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 25.—Sabbath quiet prevailed to-day, and all business was suspended. Public buildings and a great many private residences were heavily draped. Of the dead, forty-three remained unidentified. Of these, two were taken to St. John's cathedral supposed to be Catholics and twenty-three supposed to be Protestants were taken to the exposition building where the blackened bones were reposed in rosewood coffins, amid floral decorations. At the cathedral Arch Bishop Hesse said solemn high mass. Father George M. Mathews, of Racine, delivered the sermon, taking for his text the seventh and eighth verses of the 12th chapter of Ecclesiastes. The usual Catholic burial services were performed.

At the exposition building the mournful exercises opened with an organ voluntary, followed by the Lords prayer, led by Rev. A. F. Nelson and repeated by all the clergy present. Rev. J. E. Gilbert then read a psalm and a choir selected from the Arion musical and Goshen societies sang "Over the Grave." The choir then sang the hymn "A Stronghold Sure Our God Remains." The addresses which then followed were brief, and made by Rev. J. N. Freeman, A. H. Haskin and Rev. J. M. Hesse. All present then sang "Old Hundred" and Bishop Welles pronounced the benediction. The military, civil and religious bodies, Catholic and Protestant, followed the remains to the Calvary cemetery, and the protestants in Forest Home. The interior decorations of the Cathedral and Exposition building were very fine.

A terrible panic occurred while the funeral services were going on. A steam pipe burst while the building was crowded to its utmost capacity, and it is estimated that 25,000 people were in the building. The cry "fire" was raised, and the people went wild. A rush was made for the doors and the windows, and a number jumped some distance to the ground. None were seriously hurt. The militia was near by, and was called and quelled the panic, and the procession which was very large, moved at noon.

Hunting Down Criminals.

DUNELM, Jan. 25.—It is stated that important evidence has been obtained in regard to the perpetrators of the outrages during the last two years in west Ireland. The police expect to capture all the members of the organization which promoted crimes, also persons concerned in the murder of L. M. Morris. It is probable they will be indicted shortly. A man, believed to have participated in the murder of Biko's servant, Flynn, near Loughrea, is now in America. He is being sought after, and it is thought he will turn state's evidence, and disclose the names and whereabouts of associates.

Proceedings of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—In the senate nothing was done except the delivery of eulogies upon the late Senator Hill of Georgia.

In the house the navy bill was passed and the house then took up the ways and means and tariff bills, after refusing to take up various revenue bills. Among the latter was the bill to reduce the tobacco tax, the vote being 100 to 147 against the consideration of the measure. Eloquent tributes were paid to the memory of Senator Hill.

The Maine Legislature.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 25.—The judiciary committee of the legislature voted to report to the legislature that it was expedient to change the state elections from September to November, and will report a bill prohibiting the sale and use of toy pistols; also to compel the erection of fire escapes in hotels and public buildings.

Windom Holds his Own.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 25.—The only ballot to-day resulted as follows: Windom 53, Wilson 33, Cole 17, Dannel 10, Davis 4, Kindred 6, Hubbard 3, Starr 4, Strat 1, Castle 1, Gilman 1, Farner 3, Berry 1, Wakefield 2, Waite 1. Windom's loss of one vote is due to absenteeism.

Mandan Board of Trade.

MANDAN, D. T., Jan. 25.—The Mandan Board of Trade was organized last night with Frank J. Mead president, D. R. Taylor vice-president, J. C. Clark treasurer and H. H. Gove secretary.

Brady's Willing Out.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—A deed was recorded from Thos. J. Brady and wife, to Thos. re Vail, of Massachusetts, of the house and lots of the former on Farragut square, the consideration being \$125,000.

Funds for the Mexican Central.

BOSTON, Jan. 25.—The Mexican Central railway company has issued a subscription for \$6,032,500. The company considers this sum enough to finish the main line by the first of the year.

The Genesee River on the Rampage.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 25.—The Genesee river never was so low. Many mills have been uninconvenienced and many work people are thrown out of employment.

Canada Pacific Stock.

MONTREAL, Jan. 25.—The Canada Pacific railway stock held on the stock exchange to-day sold up to 62 1/2.

Over the Rocks by Water.

A bill passed the senate last week for a survey to ascertain the practicability of uniting the heads of the Missouri and Columbia by a canal. The only known place in the world where the waters of these streams could be united is through

the Deer Lodge pass, joining Big Hole or Wisdom river with Silver Bow creek, the headwaters of Clark's Fork of the Columbia. The waters of Divide creek, a branch of the Big Hole, have for years been running to the mines below Butte, thus destroying the equilibrium of things some, and making the hitherto well balanced world a little lop-sided. When this canal shall have been surveyed and found feasible, and Commodore Tom Power shall have brought to perfection steamers that can run on a heavy dew, Butte may become an important station in a great inter-national water way, and passengers from New Orleans to Portland can wander along our silver-strewn levees, while the steamers and coasters are taking on silver bullion and copper matter, and discharging their cargoes of salt, at less than thirty dollars per ton for chlorizing our ores. The genius that conceived this magnificent idea of uniting the Pacific and the Gulf of Mexico, and has given the weight of his congressional intellect to devising means for our comfort and convenience, is not given. The members of the legislature should then forgo the accustomed pleasures they enjoy at ending the prayer meetings that around in the capital city, and devote their undivided attention to uniting down the genius that conceived this idea, that his name may be enrolled on the records in the archives of our legislative halls as a monument to that great man of the historical society and not found in this day and generation. At a former session of this congress certain evil minded persons squandered the people's money in a superannuated river and harbor bill; but here is real merit—Butte Miner.

The Dakota Herald.

(Alexandria Herald.)

We asked why it is that every one is going to Dakota. We suppose it is because it is fashionable. The rush to Dakota is as enthusiastic as ever it was to the gold fields of California, and upon a far greater and grander scale. In the gold craze it was a lottery, and most people drew blanks; but in this scheme all drew prizes. They are coming by excursions, in regular trains, sleepers and stock cars; by carriages, white covered wagons, on horseback and on foot. They are coming by battalions, and columns, by townships and counties, all flocking out here to settle Dakota. Every shade of business, every class of men and women is represented. The lawyer has left in brief, the doctor, his patient, the merchant his store, the banker closed his bank, the mechanic dropped his tools, the farmer has sold out his possessions, the teacher resigned his position, and all rush pell mell for Dakota, to secure a quarter-section of her dirt, the sure foundation of a fortune. Some come for health, all for wealth, and but a few are dissatisfied. Hundreds who emptied their pockets to obtain the \$14 necessary to file upon their land three years ago, are to-day worth from \$2,000 to \$3,000, with good farms and happy homes. Many single ladies who were teachers in the east on limited salaries, are to-day in the possession of \$200 acres of land. Several hundred thousands of dollars were made last year out of investments in Dakota lands. Pale-checked invalids have had restored to them the rose of health, and the greatest prosperity has smiled upon all. Is this not sufficient reason why the throngs are surging to Dakota? The abundant harvests of this year are the marvel of the age; the sight of it has filled the people with enthusiasm. The people of the east have learned that we have a feast here the year round in our lands, and that they are welcome to come and partake.

Items of Interest.

Chicago spent \$400,000 for sidewalks last year.

Queen Victoria owns large interests in New York city.

Rev. Thomas Harrison in seven weeks of his revival meetings in Decatur, Ill., has secured 650 conversions.

The Texas house has passed a bill withdrawing the fifty-cent land from a market, intending to make the minimum price \$2.

Drison, the head pastry-cook of the Sherman house, Chicago, has deserted his wife and two children and left the city for Kansas with Mary McLean, his assistant in the hotel.

President Arthur has decided to call an extra session of congress immediately after March 4th to dispose of revenue questions, believing that no conclusion will be reached on the pending bills.

The children and grandchildren of the late Humphrey Griffith, of Indianapolis, are the only heirs to the fortune of Hugh M. Griffith, who died in London last week, leaving an estate valued at \$2,000,000.

Nichols Felix, an inmate of a charitable institution at Allegheny city, commenced last July to starve to death, and completed his labors Tuesday. Small quantities of milk and whisky have been regularly forced down his throat.

General Grant has been asked to accept the presidency of the national rifle association. It is thought he will do so. General Grant never declines anything, whether it be an offer from a rebel general to surrender, or an invitation to a presidency.

It is stated in New York that a wealthy Connecticut (name not given) recently offered \$15,000 for Burgner's picture of nymphs bathing which had been on exhibition at Mathew's gallery in that city. This was at the rate of \$1,000 apiece for the nymphs, there being fifteen of them on the canvas. The picture is held at \$20,000.

The Miles City land office last year disposed of 49,814 acres of land, and there remains yet 6,149,200 acres.

The Bismarck Tribune

In the Washington Post of the 16th inst. appears the following interview: "Col. Wm. Thompson, of Bismarck, Dakota, one of the early pioneers of that territory, as he was also of Iowa, representing the latter state in congress many years ago, has been in the city for several weeks, with the hope of promoting a settlement of the Dakota question at the present session of congress, if possible. He is an out-and-out North Dakota man and in favor of territorial division. Being met by a Post reporter yesterday he was asked how the people of that portion of the territory generally feel on this subject."

"The North Dakotians," he replied, "are not at all satisfied with the present arrangement. They are anxious to see the territory divided into two states, and they are doing all in their power to obtain the organization of a new and separate territorial government comprising that portion of the present territory of Dakota lying north of the 46th parallel. They deem this indifference the more extraordinary, as no congress has ever been more earnestly, numerously and personally importuned for the extension of so plainly a manifest right. The committee sent here last winter to aid in achieving this desirable action on the part of congress was numerous, respectable and active; they demonstrated beyond all reasonable quibble the then sufficiency of the population for a new and distinct territorial government, together with all the peculiar reasons for division, and the area of the desired new territory was as large as two states of the size of Ohio."

"Upon what particular grounds do you people urge the necessity of division apart from the questions of area and population?"

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THE MARKETS.

LOCAL MARKETS.

RETAIL.	
Granulated Sugar, 8 1/2 lbs for \$1.00	
A sugar, 9 lbs for 1.00	
C sugar, 10 lbs for 1.00	
Black Coffee, 10 lbs for 1.00	
Japan Tea, 10 lbs for 1.00	
Kirk's Soap, 16 bars for 1.00	
Royal Baking Powder, 40 cts per lb	
Best Family Flour, \$3.50 per sack	
Potatoes, per bushel, 75	
Best Butter, per lb, 35	
Eggs, per doz, 30	
Full Cream Cheese, 25	
	20

WHOLESALE.	
Corn meal, per cwt., \$2.25	
Oats, per bu., 75	
Potatoes, per bu., 75	
Onions, per box, 8.00	
Lemons, per box, 8.00	
Granulated sugar, 11 1/2 cts per lb	
Powdered, 11 1/2	
C, 10	
Mocha Coffee, 25	
Rio, 25	
English Breakfast Tea, 15	
Yonka Hyson, 35	
Java, 40	
Figs, 30	
Floes, \$3.25 per each	
Eggs, 35 cts per doz	

MEATS.	
Sirloin and porter-house, 15c	
Rib Roasts, 15c	
Chuck Roasts, 12 1/2c	
Mutton chops, 15c	
Fore-quarters, 15c	
Round steak, 15c	
Shoulder, 15c	
Veal cutlets, 15c	
Pork Chop, 15c	
Pork Roasts, 15c	
Ham, 15c	
Brea first Bacon, 20c	
Shoulders, 10c	
Corn beef, 10c	
Sau-ages, 10c	
Lard in Jars, 20c	
Lard per pound, 10c	
Lard in kegs, 20c	

CANNED GOODS.	
Corn, 3-lb, tomatoes, oysters, salmon, 20c	
String-beans, 1-lb, beans, green peas, peaches 25c	
Blackberries, gooseberries, tomatoes, cherries—in 3-lb cans, 25c, or five cans for \$1.00	

THE LUMBER MARKET.

BUILDING MATERIAL.	
Common boards, \$38.00	
Common dimension, 22 ft, 35.00	
Common dimension, 24 ft, 35.00	
Common dimension, 26 ft, 35.00	
Common dimension, 28 ft, 35.00	
First flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, 12 to 20 ft, 55.00	
Second flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, dressed, 45.00	
Third flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, dressed, 40.00	
Fourth flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, dressed, 35.00	
Fencing, 4, 5 and 6 inch, dressed, 32.00	
Ceiling same as flooring same grade, 32.00	
Ship lap same as flooring same grade, 32.00	
Siding, 1, 1 1/2, 2 and 2 1/2 inch, 28.00	
Second clear, 1, 1 1/2, 2 and 2 1/2 inch, 30.00	
Third clear, 1, 1 1/2, 2 and 2 1/2 inch, 35.00	
2x4, 2x6 and 2x8 assorted, 40.00	
2x4 shingles, per M., 5.11	
2x4 shingles, per M., 4.56	
No. 1 shingles, per M., 3.80	
Lath, per M., 3.00	
Split fencing, 25.00	
Lime, Marbles, 20.00	
Lime, native, 2.00	
Cement, Portland, 5.00	
Cement, Portland, 5.00	
Brick, per M., 10.50	

THE FUEL MARKET.

COAL.	
Grate and Egg, \$14.50 per ton	
Stove and Nut, 14.00	
Pitching, 14.00	
Blacksmith, 14.50	
Big's Mine (lignite) car load, 4.25	
single ton, 4.50	

It Toughens.

Sozodont toughens the gums and makes them healthy, so that they hold the teeth firmly. It removes the tartar, gives comfort, is economical of health and money, and when once used will never be given up. Try SOZODONT.

Time Tries All.

Soft do, and in cases of dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, kidney and liver complaints, biliousness, etc., Burdock Blood Bitters have been proved by many a trial to be a reliable cure. Price \$1.00, trial size 50 cents.

WASHBURN

The Grand Forks of the Missouri Slope!

The Best Point for Investment in NORTH DAKOTA.

LOTS ON SALE TO-DAY AT GROUND FLOOR PRICES!

Plats and prices at Peterson, Veeder & Co.'s Drug Stor.

Millions In It!

The great rush still continues at DAN EISENBERG'S. We are offering wonderful bargains in the line of Dry Goods, Notions, Furnishing Goods, etc. Five hundred Dolmans and Wraps for less than cost. In fact everything in Woolens, etc., will be sold out at a'laughtering prices.

We sell the BUTTERICK PATTERNS.

Bargains in Real Estate.

We have for sale nearly a Half Million Dollars worth of city lots and farming lands. Lots located in Bismarck, Mandan, Washburn and Steele. Lands in Burleigh, Kidder, Morton and Mercer Counties. Good Bargains and Easy Terms.

Bismarck Property

Valuable improved property on Main Street in the center of Business. Valuable Property on Meigs Street at a bargain. Several desirable houses and lots in the business part of the city. Lots in Bismarck proper and in all the additions.

Choice Lots

In Mandan, Washburn and Steele. Fifty thousand acres of excellent Wheat Lands in the counties mentioned, where adjoining farms the past season yielded 30 bushels of No. 1 Hard Winter wheat per acre, and from 80 to 100 bushels of oats. The development of this country borders on the marvelous, and needs but to be investigated to satisfy the most careful man of its great future. We say to all: Come and see us and satisfy yourselves. We guarantee our statements.

Reference by permission—Hon. J. A. Rea, Register U. S. Land Office, Bismarck; Hon. W. H. Frank, Receiver U. S. Land Office, Bismarck; Hon. Geo. H. Fairchild, President First National Bank of Bismarck.

15 Fourth St., Bismarck, D. T.

BENTLEY, MARSH & CO.

BISMARCK

Building Association.

Contractors and Builders, Repairing and Job Work.

A HOME EASILY ACQUIRED.

We will build you a home and you can pay for the same by monthly payments instead of paying rent.

T. B. CONOVER, Sec'y. C. S. WEAVER, Pres.

The public is requested carefully to notice the new and enlarged scheme to be drawn monthly.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. Tickets only \$5. Shares in proportion.

L.S.L.

Louisiana State Lottery Company

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and conduct the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000, of which a reserve fund of \$500,000 has since been added. By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 21, A. D. 1892.

The only lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any state. It never scales or postpones. Its Grand Single Number Drawing takes place monthly. A SUNDAY OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. SECOND GRAND DRAWING, CLASS B, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, February 13, 1893—1893 Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. 100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each. Fractions, in Fifths, in Proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000	
1 do, 25,000	
1 do, 10,000	
1 do, 5,000	
10 do, 1,000	
10 do, 500	
100 do, 200	
300 do, 100	
500 do, 50	
1000 do, 25	

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 approximations prizes of \$750	\$6.75
9 do, 500	4.50
9 do, 250	2.25

1,967 Prizes, amounting to \$285,500. Applications for rates to clubs should be made to the office of the Company in New Orleans. For further information write clearly, giving full address. Send orders by express, registered letter, or money order, addressed to M. A. DAUPHIN, 607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.



Chicago & North-Western

Railway is the OLD ESTABLISHED SHORT LINE UNITED STATES FAST MAIL ROUTE. It is the Great Thoroughfare from and to CHICAGO.

And all points in Northern Illinois, Central, Eastern and North-Western Iowa, Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Central and Northern Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, California, Oregon, Washington Territory, British Columbia, China, Japan, the Sandwich Islands, and all principal points in the NORTH, NORTHWEST and WEST.

With its own lines it traverses Northern Illinois, Central and Northern Iowa, Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Minnesota, Dakota, and Central Dakota. It offers to the traveler all accommodations that can be offered by any railroad. Its train service equals that of any road; its speed is as great as that of any road; its safety is as great as that of any road; its connections at junction and terminal points with the leading railroads of the West and North-West, and offer to those that use them.

SPEED, COMFORT AND SAFETY. At CHICAGO it makes close connection with all other railroads at that city. It runs PALACE SLEEPING CARS on all through trains, PARLOR CARS on its principal routes, and NORTH-WESTERN DINING CARS on its COAST ROUTES through day express trains. If you wish the Best Traveling Accommodations you will buy your tickets by this route and WILL TAKE NONE OTHER.

For rates for single or round trip tickets and for full information in regard to all parts of the West, North and Northwest, write to General Passenger Agent, at Chicago, Ill. Tickets can be secured by mail. All Coupon Ticket Agents sell Tickets of this Line.

J. D. LAYNE, Gen. Supt. MARVIN HUGHITT, 2d Vice-Pres. and Gen. Manager. W. H. STENNETT, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chicago.



To the Land Explorer, To the Business Man, To the Farmer, To the Mechanic, To the Laborer, To the Sportsman, To the Tourist, To the Miner.

For the Raising of Wheat, For the Raising of Stock, For Ready and Cash Market, For a Healthy Climate.

The country traversed by the

TO ALL CLASSES!

or Safe and Good Crop For Remunerative Investments For Business Opportunities For Wealth Accumulation

For the Raising of Wheat, For the Raising of Stock, For Ready and Cash Market, For a Healthy Climate.

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NO EQUAL.

SAVE MONEY

By purchasing tickets through, and buying them before getting on trains. Round trip tickets are sold at all ticket offices at all stations at reduced rates. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Bismarck and Glendive, and Bismarck and St. Paul; also between Fargo and Duluth. Bertha, secured through J. Davidson, agent, Bismarck. Complete ticket sale at Bismarck to all eastern points at lowest rates and baggage checked through. G. E. BARNES, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt., St. Paul.

Prices of Lots

IN THE TOWN OF

Steele

County Seat Kidder County.

\$50 LOTS.

Block 21, Lot 23. \$55 LOTS. Block 21, Lot 24.

\$60 LOTS. Block 9, Lot 23. " 21, " 14. " 27, " 23 and 24.

\$65 LOTS. Block 20, Lot 23 and 24. " 21, " 13.

\$75 LOTS. Block 2, Lot 19 and 22. " 16, " 14 to 17 inclusive. " 10, " 21 and 22.

\$80 LOT. Block 16, Lot 18. " 25, " 1, 19 and 20.

\$125 LOTS. Block 8, Lot 10, 11 and 13, to 17 inclusive. " 21, " 4 to 11 inclusive.

\$135 LOTS. Block 8, Lot 8, 9 and 13. " 9, " 14, 15, 16 and 17. " 20, " 6, 8, 9, 10 and 11. " 21, " 2' 3 and 12.

\$150 LOTS. Block 8, Lot 7. " 9, " 13. " 20, " 12. " 21, " 1.

\$200 LOTS. Block 16, Lot 6.

The above lots are in the market at this date, but are being sold rapidly. Send for plat and pick out the lots you want immediately if you want to "catch on" to the boom. Address STEELE & JEWELL, Bismarck, D. T.

Dec. 9, 1892.

BISMARCK BUSINESS CARDS.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC. J. B. McPherson, Post No. 3, G. A. R., meets at Masonic Hall the first Wednesday of each month. All comrades visiting Bismarck will be cordially welcomed. E. M. FULLER, W. A. BENTLEY, Adjutant, Commander.

R. A. M. Missouri Chapter No. 6. Stated convocations at Masonic Hall on second and fourth Mondays of each month. J. G. MILLER Sec. A. T. BIGELOW, H. P. GOLDEN RULE ENCAMPMENT, I. O. O. F. Meets 2d and 4th Friday of each month. Wm. Von Kuster, Sec. SIG HANAUER, C. P. MANDAN LODGE, NO. 12, I. O. O. F. Regular meetings Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock of each week. E. M. FULLER, N. G. J. Wm. Von Kuster, Secretary.

BISMARCK GREENHOUSES. Corner Avenue B and Fifth Street. E. M. FULLER, Proprietor. O. H. WILL, Foreman.

RO. P. PLANNERY & J. K. WETHERBY ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Raymond's brick block.

J. A. HAIGHT, C. B. LITTLE HAIGHT & LITTLE, Attorneys at Law. Business in U. S. Land office transacted. Real estate bought and sold. Investments and collections made and money to loan. Union Block corner Main and Third streets.

JOHN E. CARLSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 64 N. Street.

DAVID STEWART, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Fourth Street.

M. T. O'CONNOR, Attorney and Counselor at Law, No. 28 Main St. Bismarck, D. T.

A. T. BIGELOW, D. D. S. DENTAL ROOMS, 12 W. Main Street.

H. R. FURTER, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, U. S. Examining Surgeon, Office, 37 Main Street. Next to Tribune Block.

W. A. BENTLEY, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Calls left on the state in the office will receive prompt attention. Office, 41 Main Street.

F. D. KENDRICK, M. D., HOMOEOPATHIST. Office in Union block.

EMER N. COREY, U. S. COMMISSIONER, Precincts and Clerk of District Court. Office at Court House.

H. S. HERSEY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, No. 18 Main St., between 1st and 2d. Can be found at office and home.

BISMARCK NATIONAL BANK. J. W. RAYMOND, Pres. W. B. BELL, Cashier. General banking business transacted. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections promptly attended to.

D. L. McCUNE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office in rear of McKenzie & Wilcox's office on Fourth street.

B. BUSSEY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office in Union block. Residence at Sheridan house.

EMPLOYMENT and Intelligence Office. Help of all kinds furnished men and women, boys and girls. Apply to M. T. O'Connor, 28 Main street.

JOHN A. STOVELL, M. J. EDOERLY, STOVELL & EDOERLY, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Fourth Street, Bismarck, D. T.

W. M. D. KELLOGG, D. D. S. DENTAL ROOMS, Union Block, corner Main and Third streets.

MONEY TO LOAN, on improved real estate. Pre-emptors get money to prove up on one to three years.

Successor to the Bank of Bismarck, the oldest Bank in North Dakota.

The Bismarck Tribune

In the Washington Post of the 16th inst. appears the following interview: "Col. Wm. Thompson, of Bismarck, Dakota, one of the early pioneers of that territory, as he was also of Iowa, representing the latter state in congress many years ago, has been in the city for several weeks, with the hope of promoting a settlement of the Dakota question at the present session of congress, if possible. He is an out-and-out North Dakota man and in favor of territorial division. Being met by a Post reporter yesterday he was asked how the people of that portion of the territory generally feel on this subject."

"The North Dakotians," he replied, "are generally in favor of the division of the territory into a new and separate territorial government comprising that portion of the present territory of Dakota lying south of the 46th parallel. They deem this the more equitable and more equitable, as no congress has ever been convened for the extension of so plainly a manifest right. The committee sent here last winter to aid in achieving this desirable action on the part of congress was numerous, respectable and active; they demonstrated beyond all reasonable quibble the then sufficiency of the population for a new and distinct territorial government, together with all the peculiar reasons for division, and the area of the desired new territory was as large as two states of the size of Ohio."

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Royal Baking Powder.....	16 bars for 1 00
Best Family Flour.....	\$4.50 per sack
Potatoes, per bushel.....	75
Best Butter, per lb.....	35
Eggs, per doz.....	35
Pail Cream Cheese.....	20
WHOLESALE.	
Corn meal, per cwt.....	\$2 25
Oats, per bu.....	46
Putatoes, per bu.....	70
Oranges, per box.....	8 00
Lemons, per box.....	7 00
Granulated sugar.....	11 1/2 cts per lb
Powdered.....	10
C.....	9
Cocha Coffee.....	25
Java.....	25
Rio.....	14
English Breakfast Tea.....	40
Yon Hyson.....	35
Gun powder.....	40
Japs.....	30
Eggs.....	\$3.25 per sack
Cheese.....	\$5 cts per doz
MEATS.	
Stirloin and porter-house.....	15c
Rib Roasts.....	12c
Chuck Roasts.....	12c
Mutton chops.....	18c
Forequarters.....	11c
Round steak.....	15c
Shoulder.....	12c
Veal Cutlets.....	15c
Pork Chop.....	15c
Pork Roasts.....	15c
Ham.....	20c
Beef, Fat Bacon.....	20c
Shoulders.....	10c
Corn Beef.....	10c
Sausage.....	20c
Lard in cans.....	25c
Lard per pound.....	25c
Lard in kegs.....	15c
CANNED GOODS.	
Corn, 3 lb. tomatoes, oysters, salmon, 20c	
raspberries, strawberries, blackberries, 20c	
string-beans, lima beans, green peas, peaches	
20c; 20c; 20c; 20c; 20c; 20c; 20c; 20c; 20c; 20c	
cherries—in 3-lb cans, 25c; or five cans for \$1.00	

THE LUMBER MARKET.

BUILDING MATERIAL.	
Common boards.....	\$28 00
Common dimension.....	25 00
Common dimension, 24 ft.....	30 00
Common dimension, 26 ft.....	35 00
Common dimension, 28 ft.....	35 00
First flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, dressed.....	35 00
A stock, 8, 10 and 12 inch.....	50 00
B stock, 8, 10 and 12 inch.....	50 00
C stock, 8, 10 and 12 inch.....	40 00
D stock, 8, 10 and 12 inch.....	30 00
First flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, dressed.....	45 00
Second flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, dressed.....	40 00
Third flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, dressed.....	35 00
Fourth flooring, etc.....	32 00
Fencing flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, dressed.....	32 00
Ceiling same as flooring same grade.....	32 00
Drop siding same as flooring same grade.....	32 00
Ship lap same as flooring same grade.....	32 00
Siding.....	28 00
First clear, 1, 1 1/2, 2 and 2 1/2 inch.....	60 00
Second clear, 1, 1 1/2, 2 and 2 1/2 inch.....	55 00
Third clear, 1, 1 1/2, 2 and 2 1/2 inch.....	45 00
2x4, 2x6 and 2x8 assorted.....	40 00
XX shingles, per M.....	5 1/2
X shingles, per M.....	4 50
No. 1 shingles, per M.....	3 00
Lath, per M.....	25 00
1/2 ceiling.....	5 00
Split flooring.....	20 00
Lime, Marbled.....	2 50
Lime, native.....	2 00
Calced plaster.....	5 00
Cement, Portland.....	5 00
Cement, Bricks, per M.....	10 50

THE FUEL MARKET.

COAL.	
Grate and Egg.....	\$14.00 per ton
Stove and Nut.....	14.00
Pittsburg.....	14.00
Blackburn.....	14.00
Big's Mine (lignite) car load.....	3.25
single ton.....	4.50

It Toughens.

Sozodont toughens the gums and makes them healthy, so that they hold the teeth firmly. It removes the tartar, gives comfort, is economical of health and money, and when once used will never be given up. Try SOZODONT.

Time Tries All.

So it does, and in cases of dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, kidney and liver complaints, cure. Price \$1.00, trial size 50 cents.

WASHBURN

The Grand Forks of the Missouri Slope!

The Best Point for Investment in NORTH DAKOTA.

LOTS ON SALE TO-DAY AT GROUND FLOOR PRICES!

Plats and prices at Peterson, Veeder & Co.'s Drug Stor.

Millions In It!

The great rush still continues at DAN EISENBERG'S. We are offering wonderful bargains in the line of Dry Goods, Notions, Furnishing Goods, etc. Five hundred Dolmans and Wraps for less than cost. In fact everything in Woolens, etc., will be sold out at s'auhtering prices.

We sell the BUTTERICK PATTERNS.

Bargains in Real Estate.

We have for sale nearly a Half Million Dollars worth of city lots and farming lands. Lots located in Bismarck, Mandan, Washburn and Steele. Lands in Burleigh, Kidder, Morton and Mercer Counties. Good Bargains and Easy Terms.

Bismarck Property

Valuable improved property on Main Street, in the center of Business. Valuable Property on Meigs Street at a bargain. Several desirable houses and lots in the business part of the city. Lots in Bismarck proper and in all the additions.

Choice Lots

In Mandan, Washburn and Steele. Fifty thousand acres of excellent Wheat Lands in the counties mentioned, where adjoining farms the past season yielded 30 bushels of No. 1 Hard Wheat per acre, and from 90 to 100 bushels of oats. The development of this country borders on the marvelous, and needs but to be investigated to satisfy the most careful man of its great future. We say to all: Come and see us and satisfy yourselves. We guarantee our statements.

Reference by permission—Hon. J. A. Rea, Register U. S. Land Office, Bismarck; Hon. W. H. Francis, Receiver U. S. Land Office, Bismarck; Hon. Geo. H. Fairchild, President First National Bank of Bismarck.

15 Fourth St., Bismarck, D. T.

BENTLEY, MARSH & CO.

BISMARCK

Building Association.

Contractors and Builders, Repairing and Job Work.

A HOME EASILY ACQUIRED.

We will build you a home and you can pay for the same by monthly payments instead of paying rent. C. S. WEAVER, Pres. T. B. C. ONOVER, Sec'y.

IMPEDEEST DAGE

The public is requested carefully to notice the new and enlarged scheme to be drawn monthly

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. Tickets only \$5, Shares in proportion

L.S.L.

Louisiana State Lottery Company

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the monthly and semi-annual drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and conduct the drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

Commissioners,
J. T. Early

Incorporated in 1888 for 25 years by the Legislature for the purpose of raising a reserve fund of \$500,000, which has since been added. By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 23, A. D. 1878. The only lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any state.

It never scales or postpones. Its Grand Single Number Drawing takes place monthly. A SPECIAL OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. SECOND GRAND DRAWING CLASS B, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, February 13, 1893—1894 Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. 100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each. Fractions, in Fifts, in Proportion

LIST OF PRIZES.	
1 CAPITAL PRIZE.....	\$75,000
1 do.....	25,000
2 PRIZES OF \$5,000.....	12,000
do.....	10,000
10 do.....	1,000
20 do.....	500
100 do.....	200
300 do.....	100
500 do.....	50
1000 do.....	25
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.	
9 approximation prizes of \$750.....	\$6,750
9 do.....	500
9 do.....	250

1,967 Prizes, amounting to.....\$205,500

Applications for rates to clubs should be made to the office of the Company in New Orleans. For further information write clearly, enclosing full address. Send orders by express, registered letter, or money order, addressed to J. T. Early, M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.

or M. A. DAUPHIN, 607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

C & NW RAILWAY

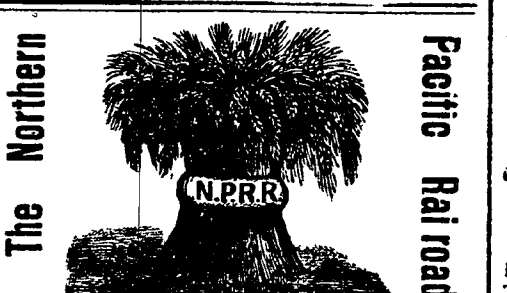
Chicago & North-Western

Railway is the OLD ESTABLISHED SHORT LINE AND THE UNITED STATES FAST MAIL ROUTE to the Great Thoroughfare north and to CHICAGO

And all points in Northern Illinois, Central, Eastern and North-Western Iowa, Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Central and Northern Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, California, Oregon, Washington Territory, British Columbia, China, Japan, the Sandwich Islands, Australia, New Zealand, and all principal points in the NORTH, NORTHWEST and WEST. With its own lines it traverses Northern Illinois, Central and Northern Iowa, Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, MINNESOTA, and Central DAKOTA. It offers to the traveler all accommodations that can be offered by any railroad. Its train service equals that of any road; its speed is as great as make close connections in Union depts at junction and terminal points with the leading railroads of the West and Northwest, and offer to those that use them SPEED, COMFORT AND SAFETY

At CHICAGO it makes close connection with all other railroads at that city. It runs PALACE SLEEPING CARS on all through trains, PARLOR CARS on its principal routes, and NORTH-WESTERN DINING CARS on its COAST, RIVER and on its ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS through day express trains. If you wish the Best Traveling Accommodations you will buy your ticket by this route and WILL TAKE NONE OTHER.

For rates for single or round trip tickets and for full information in regard to all parts of the West, North and South, write to the General Passenger Agent, at Chicago, Ill. All Coupon Ticket Agents sell Tickets by this line. J. D. LIVING, MARVIN HUGHITT, Gen. Supt., 2d Vice-Pres. and Gen. Manager. W. H. STENNETT, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chicago.



To the Land Explorer, To the Business Man, To the Farmer, To the Mechanic, To the Laborer, To the Sportsman, To the Tourist, To the Miner

TO ALL CLASSES!

or Safe and Good Crop, For Remunerative Investments, For Business Opportunities, For Wealth Security

For the Raising of Wheat, For the Raising of Stock, For Ready and Cash Market, For a Healthy Climate

The country traversed by the

NO EQUAL.

SAVE MONEY

By purchasing tickets through, and buying them before getting on train. Round trip tickets are sold at all ticket offices to all stations at reduced rates. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Bismarck and Glendive, and Bismarck and St. Paul; also between Fargo and Duluth. Berths can be secured through J. Davidson, agent, Bismarck. Coupon tickets on sale at Bismarck to all eastern points at lowest rates and baggage checked through. G. E. BARNES, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt., St. Paul.

Prices of Lots IN THE TOWN OF Steele

County Seat Kidder County.

\$50 LOTS.

Block 21, Lot 23.

\$55 LOTS.

Block 21, Lot 24.

\$60 LOTS.

Block 9, Lot 23.

" 24, " 14.

" 27, " 23 and 24.

\$65 LOTS.

Block 20, Lot 23 and 24.

" 21, " 13.

\$75 LOTS.

Block 2, Lot 19 and 22.

" 10, " 14 to 17 inclusive.

" 10, " 21 and 22.

\$80 LOT.

Block 16, Lot 18.

" 25, " 1, 19 and 20.

\$125 LOTS.

Block 8, Lot 10, 11 and 13, to 17 inclusive.

" 21, " 4 to 11 inclusive.

\$135 LOTS.

Block 8, Lot 8, 9 and 18.

" 9, " 14, 15, 16 and 17.

" 20, " 6, 8, 9, 10 and 11.

" 21, " 2, 3 and 12.

\$150 LOTS.

Block 8, Lot 7.

" 9, " 18.

" 20, " 12.

" 21, " 1.

\$200 LOTS.

Block 16, Lot 6.

The above lots are in the market at this date, but are being sold rapidly. Send for plat and pick out the lots you want immediately if you want to "catch on" to the boom. Address STEELE & JEWELL, Bismarck, D. T.

Dec. 9, 1892.

BISMARCK BUSINESS CARDS.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

J. B. McPherson, Post No. 3, G. A. R. meets at Masonic Hall the first Wednesday in each month. All comrades visiting Bismarck will be cordially welcomed.

E. M. FULLER, Wm. A. BENTLEY, Commander.

R. M. Missouri Chapter No. 6.

Stated conventions at Masonic Hall on second and fourth Mondays of each month. J. G. MILLER Sec. A. P. BIGLOW; H. P. GOLDEN RULE ENCAMPMENT, I. O. O. F. Meets 2d and 4th Friday of each month. Wm. Von Kuster, Sec. SIG HANAUER, C. P.

MANDAN LODGE NO. 12, I. O. F. Regular meetings Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock of each week. E. M. FULLER, N. G. J. Wm. Von Kuster, Secretary.

BISMARCK GREENHOUSES.

Corner avenue B and Fifth street. E. M. FULLER, O. H. WILL, Proprietors.

LEO P. FLANNERY & J. K. WETHERBY ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Raymond's brick block.

J. A. HAIGHT, C. B. LITTLE, Attorneys at Law.

Business in U. S. Land Office. Real estate bought and sold. Investments and collections made and money to loan. Union Block corner Main and Third streets.

JOHN E. CARLAND, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 64 n street.

DAVID STEWART, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Fourth Street.

M. T. O'CONNOR, Attorney and Counselor at Law, 20 2d Main St., Bismarck, D. T.

A. T. BIGLOW, D. D. S. DENTAL ROOMS

"Blown in" by the Blizzard.

There was in the state of Ohio a maiden named Helen Mariah. Who ever would sail, Down a banister rail, When she thought there was nobody nigh her.

Now her brother whose name was Josiah, Fixed his trail with a piece of barbed wire, But it would not be his, For we're blushing already like fair.

No word was spoken when they met, By either—sad or gay, And yet on badly-suiten woe, 'Twas mentioned the next day, They met by chance this autumn eve, With neither glance nor bow, They often came together so— A freight train and a cow.

—Peck's Sun.

The finger of time points out our errors, And the hand of fate spans us—Whitehall Times.

"Eight kids are fashionable," as the father of two pound twins remarked—Marathon Independent.

An engaged girl is happiest when she is telling about it to another girl who is not engaged, and is not likely to be.

A first-class bronze statue of an editor can be had for \$5,000, and every city ought to have at least twenty in its parks.

When your best girl acts strange and you don't know what to do with her, take her to the person—Waterloo Observer.

"Where are the men of '76?" shrieks an excited exchange. Oh, to Enlil with the men of '76. Give us the women of '23!

It is announced that Queen Victoria wears the style of wide-spreading hoops in vogue thirty years ago. This is doubtless done to keep assassins at a safe distance.

Cheyenne society is harrowed up over a question of etiquette. People are divided in opinion as to which coat sleeve a man should wipe his mouth with after eating soup.—Boston Post.

It is during these days of business that a clergyman on selecting a chapter of the bible to read in church first looks at the end of the last verse to see sure that no patent medicine is hatched on.

An oil producer was requested to give a judgment note for a debt he owed, but finally refused saying: "No, sir, I will never sign a judgment note. I did it once and I came very near having to pay it."

Man," says Victor Hugo, "was the condorm of the eighteenth century; woman is the condorm of the nineteenth century." An American editor adds: "We can't guess her, but will never give her up—New York Herald.

Perhaps the casual reader has never sat down on a buzz saw and felt himself gradually fading away. If so, he doesn't know what it is to form the acquaintance of a somnambulistic bulldog in the prime of life.

Senator Davis attended a dance in Illinois last Thursday night, and the next morning the papers all over the land were publishing the particulars of an earthquake in the states of Missouri and Kentucky.—Duluth Tribune.

A keg of beer fell on a Chicago man the other day and mangled him all to pieces. This should be a terrible warning to those persons who persist in keeping their mouths closed when such things are dropping.—Oil City Breeze.

If the angels ever hear the salvation army singing in the street, and throw their harps down and put their fingers in their ears, then they don't know the difference between good music and the din of a boiler factory.—Every Saturday.

Bjornstjerne Bjornson, the novelist, narrowly escaped having a middle name. His parents intended to call him Bjornstjerne Bjornson, but the "Bjorn" was dropped, and the "Bjornstjerne" was left. The middle name was reached.—Norristown Herald.

In her kissing, Alice Oates spreads her arms out wide and goes for the objective point with a will, and the labial sound is clear, sharp and cozy. When the kiss is given, a long drawn sigh, a shake of the head, and perhaps a backward kick indicates her delight.—Philadelphia Times.

Scene in a Colorado newspaper office: Managing editor to the telegraph editor: "Anything newsy in the state specialties tonight?" Telegraph editor to managing editor: "No, nothing important—stabbing at Leadville, railroad accident at Bonanza, fire at Durango, poisoning case at Pueblo, shooting affair at Boulder, but no lynchings or murders—nothing important."

A foolish showman once advertised for the following curiosities: A printer who carried tobacco, a negro minstrel who did not wear a plug hat, a woman who did not wash her face with a rag, a dog whose hind legs were in plumb with his front legs, a business manager who did not consider the editors robbers, and a pair of shoes that were too small for the lady that wore them. The foolish showman died a death of bitter disappointment.

"Oh, Mary!" said one Duluth school girl to another, "you ought to have been in church yesterday. The minister preached how vulgar it was to use slang, and he gave us the straight tip, you bet. I never felt so ashamed in my life, and I resolved then and there to take a tumble to myself that instant and change the vulgar habit, and I'll never use slang again. Just the minute I caught on to his racket, it broke me all up, for I knew he was giving us the square deal. Mary, you'll never hear me use slang again, but don't you give me away to the other girls, will you?"—Duluth Tribune.

MATT CARPENTER.**The Tragic Last Year of His Life.**

(Washington Sunday Herald.)

No one is more missed from the senate chamber than Matt Carpenter. His name is often quoted by lawyers than any other. He is regarded as one of the greatest lawyers this country has ever produced. He was in no sense a politician. Had he cared for his physical health, he might have lived to a green old age. His constitution was an iron one, and only succumbed after years of the most continued strains.

His partner, Mr. Coleman, says that it was Mr. Carpenter's habit for years to do all of his studying at night. He would begin at 11 o'clock, with a strong cigar and a bottle of champagne to keep him up to his work. From 1 o'clock to 4 he kept awake and bright by taking sips of brandy. Then he would go to bed and sleep until 9, and arise as fresh as if he had obeyed all the laws of health.

For twenty years he went on in this way, not having even a headache. All at once he broke down and could do nothing. The closing year of this great man's life was a tragic one. His disease was of such a nature that the space of his life could be exactly indicated to him. He was told by his physician that he must die within a year. Mr. Carpenter told no one but his partner of this death warrant. He went about his business each day as usual. He never complained. He never said that he regretted the shortening of his own life by past indiscretions. He studied his case as clearly as he would that of a stranger. Each day he would say in a quiet way to his partner: "I see I have a many more days to live," pointing to the register he kept.

I remember calling upon him one summer night at his office three months before his death. He was wearing a hair, with a black slouch hat crushed down upon his shaggy gray mane of hair shading his eyes. He was gravely polite. He

talked over the political campaign then going on, showing the clearest comprehension of what was the real condition of affairs. Although absorbed in contemplation of his death he was as considerate as in his best days.

He used to spend many of the evenings of the latter part of his life alone. With no lighted beyond a mere star in the outer office, Mr. Carpenter would sit, in a great, easy chair, thinking quietly, studying the case death was so rigorously prosecuting.

Two or three days before he died he was down at the office. He consulted the register that told the story of the condition of his blood, and then said simply: "Coleman, I see I have not more than four days to live. I do not think I will come to the office any more." Then he walked freely to his carriage and was driven home. Then only did he tell his family his real condition. He carried the burden alone until nearly the last.

Objected to Being Called Coward.

Occasionally the late Sioux commission would find opposition to their plans. Ex-Gov. Edmunds relates an instance as follows: At Standing Rock the Indians chose Big Soldier as their spokesman. He is a gigantic fellow, fully 6 feet 3 inches tall, and built in proportion, with a voice that can be heard three blocks away. After the commission had stated the case, to the council, Big Soldier got up. He threw off his blanket, and, in fact, everything but his breech clout, and stalking back and forth between the commissioners, who sat on one side, and the chiefs and head men, on the other, he said that no new treaty was wanted.

In 1868 the Sioux had given up the country between the Platte and the Running Water. The whites had not kept their part of that treaty. Afterward the Sioux gave the whites the Black Hills and all the country between the forks of the Cheyenne river. The whites had not kept their part of that treaty. The Sioux wanted to make no more treaties, only to keep what they had. He talked very loud, and something had to be done. I answered him speaking to the other chiefs: "I know this Big Soldier. He is a coward. I knew him seventeen years ago. Then I was at Fort Sully and sent 250 miles for him to come in and make peace. He came and said just as he does now, that he would not sign a treaty. But he did sign the treaty then. We do not know that he is a chief or head man. The chiefs here have courage to sign a treaty if they think it would benefit their people. Big Soldier has not the courage to do right." The council ended for the day. That night I was sleighing with Maj. McLaughlin. The major's wife came in to say that Big Soldier had come to sign the treaty. I sent word that I did not want to see him, that the commissioners had not yet signed the treaty, and that it was not ready to sign yet.

The next morning, when the council met, Big Soldier said that he was ready to sign. The commissioners signed and then Big Soldier made his mark. He went directly out of the council. He could not bear to have it said that he was a coward and dare not sign the treaty.

Items of Interest.

Two thousand cases of small-pox in Baltimore.

All the St. Paul Dispatch has contained for the past six months has been Wind—om.

It is cold all over the country. At Long Branch a fierce snow storm raged for forty-eight hours.

The Sioux City Journal says almost every man has a wicked partner. This is a severe reflection on the ladies.

There being two or three cases of small-pox in St. Paul the authorities are keeping a close eye on the business to avert the spreading of the disease.

In Canton, Va., Switzerland, there had been two hundred rainy days, up to the end of November, since January 1, 1882, and but fifty days of sunshine.

A dispatch from Fremont, Ohio, states that the wife of ex-President Hayes, assisted by six young ladies, kept the only open house in that city, on New Year's day.

Alaska has 580,107 square miles. It is larger than, say, ten states the size of Illinois, or eleven the size of New York. Australia has nearly 3,000,000 square miles.

In the number of telephone subscribers, New York leads; Chicago comes next and Paris third. But Chicago has about five subscribers to each 1,000 inhabitants where New York has but three to each 1,000.

Charles L. Brown, 14 years of age, employed in the sheriff's office in Austin, made a fruitless attempt to open the safe, and to avert suspicion put on handcuffs and gagged himself with newspapers.

It pays to be in debt. Texas has \$1,000,000 lying idle in her treasury, but is unable to apply it to the reduction of her debt, \$5,000,000, because her creditors ask \$140 for the bonds, and she is unwilling to pay that premium.

It is encouraging to know that all newspaper men do not play out of luck. Major Charles L. Hagan, a well-known Philadelphia journalist, has fallen heir to \$210,000 in cash, and several hundreds of thousands in ocean steamship property.

An uncle in Liverpool made him his sole heir.

A Georgia man and his wife fell out about different religious creeds, and ended their quarrel by agreeing to get a divorce. They went to Atlanta, consulted a lawyer, were there laughed out of the lawyer's bought heaps of candy for the children, and returned home happier than before.

Mr. William H. Vanderbilt will leave New York at the end of January in a special train of five palace cars to visit the Pacific coast and back. He will be accompanied by members of his family and several friends. The trip to California will be made by the new Southern route through Texas, and the return will be by the Central Pacific.

A Pennsylvania clergyman requested all those of congregation who, within the past year, had been guilty of the sin of dancing, to remain away from the communion table. Seventy-two members remained away. Twelve of them afterward reported, and were restored to good standing. Sixty others have been given till March 1, "humblly to acknowledge their sins before men." This is the Pigeon Creek Presbyterian church, Nottingham township, ten miles from Montgomery, Pa., and the bro't's name is John Marquis.

A Fort Benton paper dated Jan. 11th

says: "Mr. John R. Craig, of the Orley Cattle company, and who is at present sojourning in Benton, recently made a trip several miles north of Fort Macleod and found a discouraging state of affairs for the Cochran Ranch company. The snow has fallen to a depth of three feet in that section, and as the snow, moist at first, has frozen into almost a solid mass, so as to even bear up horses and sleighs, it is impossible for the cattle to get to the feed. They are dying of starvation on the hundred. It is believed that the entire band purchased of Polindexter & Orr, and driven to Bow River last fall, will be lost, and that many of the old head will perish. It is a deplorable state of affairs, and will not tend much to stimulate the cattle business in the Northwest territory next season.

Mrs. Melville, wife of Lieut. Melville, of Arctic exploration fame, who is getting a divorce from her husband because of cruelty and negligence testified last week in her own defense. She had to be assisted to the stand, and was subjected to a cross examination that lasted for four hours. Women sobbed, men cried, and even the lawyers and the judges were deeply affected. She told the whole story of her married life, and gave a painful but true account of the part of her husband, and of slight evidences of affection from him when at home. She said that her husband placed to her lips the first glass of liquor she ever drank, and encouraged her in drinking in every way, at times almost forcing it upon her. Her manner and her pathetic story caused a revision of feeling in the court room, even the witnesses who had testified against her being affected to tears. The children will be examined privately by the judge.

Up the Line.

Early next season a new military telegraph will be built between Helena and Fort Maginnis.

Butte is having a good deal of trouble with the electric light. Sometimes it burns and sometimes it doesn't.

Kitty Lashell, of Billings, attempted to kill herself by means of poison the other day, but the doctors saved her.

The ticket seller of the Butte variety theatre has to stand with pistol in hand to prevent being robbed of funds taken in.

Helena Independent: Extremely cold weather is reported up north of the boundary line. The snow is deep, feed scarce, and cattle are dying in great numbers.

A delegation of Butte citizens went down to Spring Hill to meet Governor Crosby and escort him to town, notwithstanding his expressed wishes that he didn't want any monkeying.

It is rumored that Gov. Butler, of Massachusetts, will appoint Col. Edmund Rice, now stationed at Fort Keogh, as his inspector general. Col. Rice was formerly of the Nineteenth Massachusetts volunteers.

A deaf and dumb guest of a Brynmor hotel while getting coal from the hotel bin the other night was badly thumped by the proprietor who happened along and mistook him for a thief.

The French citizens of Portland Oregon, have sent the following to Paris: "The French citizens of Portland, Oregon, express to the mother country their sincere sympathy in her loss by death of the great patriot Gambetta."

Billings Herald: Burt Blake, late of the late Yellowstone Press, registered at the Windsor a few days ago on his way to the west. Mabey has cleaned him out, and in the last issue of the Times gives him a farewell section of abuse. Both Ber and the Press are things of the past in Glendive.

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The People of DAKOTA

St. PAUL ONE PRICE

and of the whole Northwest, who contemplate leaving Chicago and the East, and who desire to travel over the BEST ROUTE, should purchase tickets over the

C., ST. P., M. & O. RY.

This route, through Elroy and Madison, Wisconsin, forms the only through line from MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL

To Chicago,

That runs passenger trains through without change with Pullman Palace Sleepers and express trains. Also remember that the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha R'y is the

ONLY LINE

Running through trains between ST. PAUL & COUNCIL BLUFFS, With Sleeping Cars through without change to Sioux City, Council Bluffs, St. Joseph and Kansas City. Tickets over all lines of the C., St. P., M. & O. R'y can be secured from any ticket agent in the Northwest, and at the Company's offices in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

When going to Chicago and the East, ask for tickets through Elroy and Madison, and when going to Yankton, Omaha, Kansas City and the Southwest, ask for tickets through Sioux City, and you will have the satisfaction of riding over one of the best roads in the United States, and that road is the

C., ST. P., M. & O. F. B. CLARKE, T. W. TEASDALE, Gen'l Ag't, Gen'l Traffic Manager, St. Paul, Minn.

STRIKING Head Lines

Are used to call attention to the fact that this is an advertisement of the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY.

Its EIGHT Trunk lines traverse the best portions of Northern Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Dakota and Iowa.

Located directly on its lines are the cities of C. IAGO, MILWAUKEE, LACROSSE, WINONA, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, MADISON, PRAIRIE DU CHIEN, MASON CITY, SIOUX CITY, YANKTON, ALBERT LEA, ABERDEEN, DUBUQUE, ROCK ISLAND, CEDAR RAPIDS and COUNCIL BLUFFS, as well as innumerable other business centers and favorite resorts; and passengers going West, North, South or East are able to use the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY to the best advantage.

Ticket offices everywhere are supplied with Maps and Time Tables which detail the merits of the line, and agents stand ready to furnish information and sell tickets at cheapest rates over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

S. S. MERRILL, General Manager, Geo. F. Fox, Ticket Agt. J. T. CLARK, Gen'l Sup't. A. V. H. CARPENTER, Geo. H. HEAFFORD, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.

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St. PAUL ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE!

Have now their stock complete, and would respectfully invite one and all to examine our immense line of goods, comprising the best in the market.

We have now suits and overcoats, furnishing goods, boots and shoes, hats and caps, for children, boys and men.

We also have trunks and valises, buffalo coats and lined robes.

All of which are marked in plain figures, and positively no deviation to anybody. be they friends, old customers or strangers!

All we ask is, come, look for yourself before buying. If you think it is to your interest, why, buy of us, and we believe we can readily convince you that it is so.

Remember, we sell goods very low, but will not come down one penny; therefore believe it will pay you to see us before you purchase elsewhere.

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since a body of disguised men forcibly to

LASCA.

[Frank Despres in San Francisco Chronicle.]

I want free life and I want fresh air,
And I sigh for the canter after the cattle,
The crack of the whips like shot in a battle,
The melody of horns and hoofs and hoofs
That are and wrangles and scatters
spread.

The green beneath and the blue above,
And dash and danger, and life and love.

* * *

And Lasca!

Lasca needs to ride
On a mouse-gray mustang close to my side
With blue serape and bright-bellied spur;
I wish for the look I looked at her!
Little know she of books or of erodes;
An Ave Maria sufficed her needs;
Little she cared, save to be by my side,
To ride with me and ever to ride,
From this Sabal's shore to Laramie's side.
She was as bold as the pillows that beat,
She was as wild as the breezes that blow;
From her little head to her little feet
Was every inch in her suppleness to and fro.
By each word of passion, a sparkling plea,
That grows on the edge of a Kansas bluff,
And wars with the wind when the weather
is rough.

Is like this Lasca, this love of mine,
She would bring back that I might eat,
Would take the latter and leave me the cure,
But once, when I made her jealous for fun,
At something I'd whispered, or looked,<
or done.

One Sunday, in San Antonio,
To a glorious girl on the Alamo,
She drew from her garter a dead little dagg,
And—slinging of a wasp—it made me stagger!
I caught it to the left, or I caught it to the right,
And I stood not be mandering here-to-night.
But she sobbed, and, sobbing, so swiftly bowed
Her torso reborn about the wound
That I could forgive her. Scratches do
count.

In Texas, down by the Rio Grande,
Her eye was darker—a deep, deep brow,
Her hair was brownish than in her eye,
I caught that the arc was like hemlock and frown,
Curled crimson, and I must win the right,
And I stood not be mandering here-to-night.
But she sobbed, and, sobbing, so swiftly bowed
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* * *

The air was heavy, the night was hot,
I sat by her side and forgot—forgot—
Forgot the herd that were taking their rest,
Forgot that the acre was close oppress,
That the Texas north was close and soot,
In the deal of night or the blaze of noon;
That once let the herd at its breath take fright
And nothing on earth can stop their dart;
That was one time, and I was woe to the steel,
Who falls in front of their impet—

* * *

Was that thunder? No, by the Lord!
Springing to my saddle without a word,
I caught that the arc was like hemlock and frown,
Curled crimson, and I must win the right,
And I stood not be mandering here-to-night.
But she sobbed, and, sobbing, so swiftly bowed
Her torso reborn about the wound
That I could forgive her. Scratches do
count.

* * *

In Texas, down by the Rio Grande,
The mustang flew, and we urged him on;
There was one chance left, and we had to
come;
Halt, jump to ground and shoot your horse;
Crouch under his carcass and take your
chance;
And if you miss in your frantic course
Don't batter your youth to pieces at once,
You may thank your star; if not, good-by
To the quickening kiss and the long-drawn
sigh,
And the open air and the open sky.

In Texas, down by the Rio Grande!
The cattle gained on us, and just as I felt
For my old sit-sit—saddle—in my belt,
Down came the mustang—down came the
Clashing together, and—what was the rest?
A body that spread itself on my breast,
I caught that the arc was like hemlock and frown,
Curled crimson, and I must win the right,
And I stood not be mandering here-to-night.
But she sobbed, and, sobbing, so swiftly bowed
Her torso reborn about the wound
That I could forgive her. Scratches do
count.

* * *

I gouged out a grave a few feet deep,
And there in Earth's arms I laid her to sleep,
And there she is lying, and no one knows,
And there the summer shines and the winter snows
For many a day the birds have spread
A pall of petals over her head;
And the little gray hawk haunts aloft in the sky
And the sky crows crows here and there,
And the black snake guides and glitters at
sides.

Into a rift in a cottonwood tree,
And the buzzard sails on,
A d-dones, and like a ghost,
Suddenly and still, like a ship at sea;
And I wonder why I do not
For the things that are like true things
were.

Does half my heart lie buried there?
In Texas, down by the Rio Grande!

* * *

Miss Mary Ann and Her Mother Consult a Lawyer.

Detroit Free Press.

They were in to see a lawyer yesterday.
Mary Ann and her mother. Mary Ann was
little embarrassed, but the old woman was
calm. When they spoke about a breach-of-
promise case the lawyer asked:

"What evidence have you got?"

"Mary Ann produce the letters," commanded
the mother, and the girl took the cover off
willow basket and produced as soon as the other
927 letters would do to begin on. The other
927 would be produced as soon as the case was
fairly before the court.

"And outside of these letters?" queried the
lawyer.

"Mary Ann, produce your diary," said the
mother. "Now turn to the heading of 'From
me,' and tell how many times this marriage
business was taken over."

"The heading is 31 times," answered the girl.
"Turn now to the heading of 'During,' and
give us the number of times he has applied the
term to you."

"If I have figured right, the total is 925
times."

"I guess you counted pretty straight for you
are good in arithmetic. Now turn to the head-
ing of 'Woodbine Cottage,' and tell us how
many times he has talked of such a home for
you after marriage."

"The heading is 383 times."

"Very well. This lawyer wants to be sure
that we've got a case. How many times has
Charles Henry said he would die for you?"

"Twenty-four and fifty," answered the
girl as she turned over a leaf.

"How many times has he called you an
angel?"

"Eleven, 11,000, m-m-m-m."

"How about the 'squeezing hands?'"

"Over 384,000 squeezes."

"And kisses?"

"Nearly 917,000."

"If you see case," said the mother, as she
denoted basket and diary on the lawyer's
table. "Look over the documents and if you
want anything further I can bring in a dozen
neighbors to swear to facts. We own for \$10,000
an eighty-acre farm, with a little better than
reput. We'll call again next week—good day,
sir!"

* * *

Handel's "Mafia."

The Little Register takes great delight in
telling this mobile story at the expense of Massa-
chusetts. A very enjoyable concert was given
in a small town in that state recently. Among
the performers was a popular tenor singer,
who was announced by the program as pre-
pared to perform, among other selections, an
aria, "Sound the Alarm," by Handel. "This he
sang with strong effect, and was horrified the
next day to perceive in the local paper the
statement that he had 'sung'—